UNITED
NATIONS

A S

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/54/368
S/1999/993
21 September 1999

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Fifty-fourth session
Agenda items 76, 97, 98, 99, 101, 107, 108, 116 and 160
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
MACROECONOMIC POLICY QUESTIONS
SECTORAL POLICY QUESTIONS
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION
OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT
CRIME PREVENTION AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE
INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL
HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS
MEASURES TO ELIMINATE INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fifty-fourth year

Letter dated 17 September 1999 from the Permanent Representative of Kazakhstan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the text of the Declaration on the Principles Guiding Relations among the States Members of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia, signed by the leadership of the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, China, Egypt, India, Iran, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Palestine, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkey and Uzbekistan (annex I), and the resolution of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia, held in Almaty on 14 September 1999 (annex II).

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annexes circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 76, 97, 98, 99, 101, 107, 108, 116 and 160, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Akmaral Kh. ARYSTANBEKOVA
Ambassador, Permanent Representative of
the Republic of Kazakhstan to the United Nations

99-27183 (E) 071099

/...

Annex I

DECLARATION ON THE PRINCIPLES GUIDING RELATIONS AMONG THE STATES MEMBERS OF THE CONFERENCE ON INTERACTION AND CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES IN ASIA, MADE IN ALMATY ON 14 SEPTEMBER 1999

The States members of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia,

Reaffirming their commitment to the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Considering the growing desire of their peoples to live in an atmosphere of peace, friendship, understanding, good neighbourliness and cooperation,

Reaffirming their objective of promoting better relations among themselves and of ensuring conditions in which their peoples can live in true and lasting peace free from any threat to their security,

Emphasizing the importance of conducting inter-State relations on the basis of the principle of sovereign equality as well as the Charter of the United Nations and international law,

Recognizing that the international legal basis for the activity of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia is the Charter of the United Nations and international law,

Respecting bilateral and multilateral agreements that are in conformity with principles and purposes of the Charter of the United Nations and norms of international law,

Considering that better understanding and closer relations among them in all fields in conformity with the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the five principles of peaceful coexistence would be beneficial for the strengthening of peace, stability and security in Asia,

Giving due attention to the prevention of disputes and conflicts and to their peaceful settlement,

Reaffirming that the diversity of national characteristics, traditions, cultures and values of the Asian States is not a divisive but a valuable and mutually enriching factor in their relations,

Emphasizing the importance of tolerance in international relations and the significant role of dialogue as a means to reach understanding, remove threats to peace and strengthen interaction and exchange among civilizations,

Reaffirming their determination to explore, taking fully into account the individuality and diversity of their positions and views, the possibilities of combining their efforts to enhance confidence and cooperation in the interests

of stability and economic and social development in their region and the whole world,

Recognizing the importance of the indivisibility of security in Asia and expressing their resolve to intensify joint efforts in this direction with a view to opposing challenges and threats to peace, security and stability in Asia,

Emphasizing the importance of confidence-building measures, which contribute to safeguarding peace and enhancing security,

Recognizing the close link between peace, security and development in Asia and in the world as a whole and conscious of the need for each member State to make its contribution to the strengthening of world peace and security and to the promotion of fundamental rights, economic and social progress and the well-being of all peoples,

Realizing their responsibility for a peaceful and prosperous future for their people,

Reaffirming their commitment to achieve full, just and lasting relations of peace, openness, mutual confidence, security, stability and cooperation in Asia by eliminating tensions and seeking peaceful settlement of disputes,

Recognizing the importance of the global elimination of all weapons of mass destruction and of addressing effectively the destabilizing accumulation of conventional arms, as a means towards achieving comprehensive, lasting and stable peace in Asia,

Welcoming initiatives and arrangements aimed at strengthening peace, stability, security and cooperation in Asia,

Declare their determination to respect and put into practice in their relations with each other, irrespective of their political, economic or social systems as well as of their size, geographical location and level of economic development, the following principles, which are of fundamental significance and shall guide their relations:

I. SOVEREIGN EQUALITY AND RESPECT FOR THE RIGHTS INHERENT IN SOVEREIGNTY

Member States shall respect each State's sovereign equality and individuality as well as all the rights inherent in and encompassed by its sovereignty, including in particular the right of every State to juridical equality, territorial integrity, freedom and political independence. They shall also respect each State's right to freely choose and develop its political, social, economic and cultural systems as well as its right to determine its laws and administrative regulations

According to the framework of international law and in the spirit of this declaration, all member States have equal rights and duties. They shall respect

each State's right to define and conduct as it wishes to relations with other States, international and regional organizations, as well as its right to neutrality. Member States shall thus build their relations on the basis of mutual benefit and respect.

II. REFRAINING FROM THE THREAT OR USE OF FORCE

Member States shall refrain in their relations from the direct or indirect threat or use of force against the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of States, or any other method inconsistent with the Charter of the United Nations and with the present declaration. No considerations may be invoked to warrant resort to the threat or use of force in contravention of this principle.

No such threat or use of force will be employed as a means of settling disputes, or questions likely to give rise to disputes, between them.

Nonetheless, in case of any aggression and violation of the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of a member State, the country that is subject to the aggression preserves its right to individual and collective self-defence in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and international law.

III. TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY OF MEMBER STATES

Member States shall respect each other's territorial integrity. They recognize the inviolability of State boundaries and shall therefore refrain at present and in the future from any attempt to violate those boundaries.

Member States shall likewise refrain from making each other's territory the object of military occupation or other direct or indirect use of force in contravention of international law or the object of acquisition by means of such measures or the threat of their implementation. No such occupation or acquisition will be recognized as legitimate.

IV. PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

Member States reaffirm their commitment to uphold and defend the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and international law as well as the means envisaged in the Charter of the United Nations for the peaceful settlement of disputes.

Parties to any dispute shall immediately establish contact and negotiate to prevent the outbreak of a conflict and to settle the dispute in accordance with the principles enshrined in this Declaration as well as in the Charter of the United Nations and international law. Member States parties to a dispute as well as other member States shall refrain from any actions that might aggravate the situation.

V. NON-INTERVENTION IN INTERNAL AFFAIRS

Member States shall refrain from any intervention in the internal affairs of another member State.

They shall accordingly refrain from any form of armed intervention or the threat of such an intervention against another member State.

They shall likewise in all circumstances refrain from any act of military or political, economic or any other form of interference as a means of resolving political problems between them, or aimed at subordinating to their own interests the exercise by another member State of the rights inherent in its sovereignty and thus at securing advantages of any kind.

Accordingly, member States shall refrain from direct or indirect assistance to terrorist activities in all their forms and subversive or other activities aimed at overthrowing the state system of another member State or undermining the sovereignty and territorial integrity of other member States.

They reiterate their determination to promote international and regional cooperation to counter and eradicate all sources of terrorism. In this respect they emphasize the importance of participation of all States in this cooperation.

Member States shall not support on the territory of another member State any separatist movements and entities, and, if such emerge, shall not establish political, economic and other kinds of relations with them, shall not allow the territories and communications of the member States to be used by the above-mentioned movements and entities and shall not render them any kind of economic, financial and other assistance. They reaffirm the right of people living under foreign occupation to self-determination in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and international law.

VI. DISARMAMENT AND ARMS CONTROL

Member States emphasize that enhancement of security in Asia should be achieved through the cooperation of all States in the interest of peace, stability and prosperity in conformity with the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations. A comprehensive, non-discriminatory and balanced approach towards international security should be adopted.

Member States reaffirm their commitment to the goal of achieving general and complete disarmament under effective control.

They recognize that disarmament, arms control and confidence-building measures are essential in achieving the goal of strengthening peace, security and stability in Asia and the whole world. They, therefore, shall endeavour to develop appropriate measures in these fields.

Member States pledge to support efforts for the global elimination of all weapons of mass destruction and therefore commit themselves to increased

cooperation for the prevention of proliferation of all such weapons, including nuclear weapons, which constitute a particular danger to international peace and security. Member States also emphasize the need to achieve a nuclear-weapon-free world at an early date.

They support the establishment of zones free of nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction in Asia on the basis of arrangements freely arrived at among the States of the region concerned, in conformity with the provisions of the Final Document of the Tenth Special Session of the General Assembly, the first special session devoted to disarmament.

Member States reaffirm their belief in the need to ensure security at the lowest level of armament and military forces. They recognize the necessity to curb excessive and destabilizing accumulations of conventional armaments.

Member States emphasize that any bilateral or multilateral military arrangements should not be directed at any third party nor should they undermine or pose threats to the security of other States.

VII. ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL COOPERATION

Member States shall enhance the process of political consultations and develop cooperation based on mutual interests in the economic, social, humanitarian, environmental, information, scientific and cultural spheres, with each member State making its contribution under conditions of full equality.

Member States affirm the inalienable right of all States to develop, achieve and make use of science and technology for peaceful purposes aimed at progress in economic, social and cultural fields.

Member States stress that trade and economic cooperation on an equal, mutually beneficial and non-discriminatory basis constitutes an essential element of their relations and is a means of the construction of a prosperous Asia. They shall endeavour to develop appropriate measures and policies to promote trade and economic cooperation, including, based on bilateral or multilateral agreements, providing the necessary transit, transport and communication facilities and contacts with regional economic organizations. They emphasize the importance of the realization of economic and cultural rights as well as the right to development.

Member States emphasize the need for enhancement of cooperation in social fields such as fighting drug trafficking, drug abuse and organized crime, the solution of refugee problems, health care and disaster relief.

Member States recognize the uniqueness and the diversity of the cultures of Asian peoples and the contribution they can make to overcoming past differences. They emphasize their determination to strive for the triumph of freedom and for the protection and promotion of their cultural and spiritual heritage in all its richness and diversity. They shall make special efforts to promote better mutual understanding and to enhance cultural exchanges and cooperation in the fields of education and tourism.

Member States shall pay attention to the creation of material, legal, political, economic and other guarantees that will facilitate conditions for peace, harmony, mutual understanding and stability in the geographical area of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia.

VIII. HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

Member States, being committed to act in conformity with the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, reaffirm in this context their commitment to respect the human rights and fundamental freedoms of all individuals irrespective of their race, sex and religion. They believe that respect, protection and promotion of human rights and fundamental freedoms contribute to political and social stability and peace, to the enrichment of the cultural and spiritual heritage of society as a whole and to mutual understanding and friendly relations between their peoples.

Member States attach great importance to the principle of indivisibility of all human rights and in this context emphasize the significance of the realization of all aspects of this principle.

* * *

Member States emphasize that in the process of the further development of their positions the present declaration may be complemented with new principles of international cooperation corresponding to the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations.

Annex II

RESOLUTION OF THE MEETING OF MINISTERS FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE CONFERENCE ON INTERACTION AND CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES IN ASIA, ADOPTED IN ALMATY ON 14 SEPTEMBER 1999

The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-Building Measures in Asia, having met in Almaty on 14 September 1999,

1. Signed the Declaration on principles guiding relations among the States members of the Conference on Interaction and Confidence-building Measures in Asia;

2. Reaffirmed their support to the further development of the CICA process as a regional forum;

3. Agreed to continue working within the framework of the Special Working Group to prepare the CICA document to be signed by the Heads of State and Government;

4. Expressed their gratitude and deep appreciation to His Excellency Mr. Nursultan Nazarbaev, President of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the People and the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan for the warm reception and hospitality as well as for the outstanding preparatory work and excellent organizational arrangements.